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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION		
10/621,572	07/18/2003	Akihisa Itabashi	240017US2DIV 2127		
22850	7590 06/14/2005	EXAMINER			
OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET			PHAM, HAI CHI		
	A, VA 22314		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2861		
			DATE MAILED: 06/14/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/621,57	7 2	ITABASHI, AKIHISA				
		Examiner		Art Unit	·			
		Hai C. Pha	am	2861				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply								
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status	•							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 31	March 2005.						
		his action is n	on-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the ments is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims								
 4) Claim(s) 1-13 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) 1-3 and 9-13 is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 4-8 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. 								
Applicat	ion Papers							
9) 🗌	The specification is objected to by the Exam	iner.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119								
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) △ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. ☒ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 09/715,151. 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
2) Notice 3) Information	et(s) se of References Cited (PTO-892) se of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/ or No(s)/Mail Date <u>02/18/05</u> .	08)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:		D-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Double Patenting

1. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

2. Claims **4-6** are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of double patenting over claims **2-4** of U. S. Patent No. **6,700,687** since the claims, if allowed, would improperly extend the "right to exclude" already granted in the patent.

The subject matter claimed in the instant application is fully disclosed in the patent and is covered by the patent since the patent and the application are claiming common subject matter. In fact, the above-mentioned U.S. Patent No. 6,700,687 recites in claims 2-4 all the limitations included in claims 4-6 of the current Application with a small difference in wording, namely:

- a light source emitting a light beam,
- a mechanical deflector,
- a first optical system,

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a second optical system,

- a housing that contains the above components,
- a holding member for holding the mechanical deflector (as compared to a "deflector mounting plate" recited in the current Application),
- a material of the housing is different in heat conductivity from said holding member (as compared to "the bottom housing plate has a first heat conductivity" and "the deflector mounting plate has a second heat conductivity"),
- the heat conductivity of said housing is smaller than heat conductivity of said holding member (as compared to "the first heat conductivity is smaller than the second heat conductivity),
- said mechanical deflector is covered by a cover having an optical window,
- a cooling part forcibly cooling said mechanical deflector.

Furthermore, there is no apparent reason why applicant was prevented from presenting claims corresponding to those of the instant application during prosecution of the application, which matured into a patent. See *In re Schneller*, 397 F.2d 350, 158 USPQ 210 (CCPA 1968). See also MPEP § 804.

3. Claims 7-8 are rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 2 of U.S. Patent No. 6,700,687 in view of Tachibe et al. (U.S. 6,195,190).

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The above-mentioned '687 Patent discloses all the basic limitations of the claimed invention except for the cooling unit provided at an exterior surface of the housing, including a cooling fan.

Tachibe et al., an acknowledged prior art, discloses an optical beam scanning device having a light source (11) emitting a light beam directed to a mirror of a mechanical deflector (polygon mirror 15) through a first optical system (cylindrical lens 20), the light beam being deflected in a main scanning direction by the mirror surface of the deflector through a second optical system (scanning lenses 7) to a surface to be scanned (light sensitive body) moving in a sub-scanning direction, the light source, the first optical system, the mechanical deflector and the second optical system is contained in a housing (casing 2) (Fig. 1), the mechanical deflector being covered by a cover (8) having an optical window (10), and a cooling part (heat dissipating fins 18 formed on the exterior of the casing 2 and a cooling blower, not shown) forcibly cooling said mechanical deflector (col. 7, lines 44-52).

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the cooling unit as taught by Tachibe et al. into the device claimed by the '687 Patent. The motivation for doing so would have been to further dissipate the heat created by the rotation of the polygon mirror to the outside of the optical scanning device such that none of the optical components are affected by the generation of the heat.

Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 1-3 and 9-13 are allowed.

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Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 4-8 have been considered but are most in view of the new grounds of rejection presented in this Office action.

Response to Arguments

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hai C. Pham whose telephone number is (571) 272-2260. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30AM - 5:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David L. Talbott can be reached on (571) 272-1934. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

LIAI DUANA

Harchi Phan

HAI PHAM
PRIMARY EXAMINER

June 10, 2005